







## Testing • A software test executes a program to determine whether a property of the program holds or doesn't hold • A test passes [fails] if the property holds [doesn't hold] on that run • "[T]he means by which the presence, quality, or genuineness of anything is determined; a means of trial." -dictionary.com

## Software Quality Assurance

- Static analysis (assessing code without executing it)
- Proofs of correctness (theorems about program properties)
- Code reviews (people reviewing others' code)
- Software process (placing structure on the development lifecycle)
- ...and many more ways to find problems and to increase confidence



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## Integration Testing (1) Examine the interface between modules as well as the input and output • Stub/Driver: • A program that simulates functions of a lower-level/upper-level module Driver<sup>54</sup> Module to be tested Top-down Bottom-up Stub Module 2-1 Module 2-3 1VIOUUIC 2-2 Module 3-1 Module 3-2 Module 3-3 13 13

## Integration Testing (2) – Top-down Approach • Defects based on misunderstanding of specification can be detected early • Effective in newly developed systems Module to be tested • Need test stubs (can be simply returning a value) Stub Module 1 Top-down Bottom-up Module 2-2 Module 2-1 Module 2-3 Module 3-1 Module 3-2 Module 3-3 14



## Other integration test techniques

- Big-bang test
  - Wherein all the modules that have completed the unit tests are linked all at once and tested
  - Reducing the number of testing procedures in small-scale program; but not easy to locate errors
- Sandwich test
  - Where lower-level modules are tested bottom-up and higher-level modules are tested top-down



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## **Unit & System Testing Techniques**

## For test case design

- Test Techniques for Black Box Test
  - Equivalence Partitioning Analysis
  - Boundary-value Analysis
  - Decision Table
  - Use Case-based Test
- Test Techniques for White Box Test
  - Control Flow Test
  - Data flow testing
  - Predicate testing





## Whitebox testing techniques

- Control Flow Testing
  - All-paths testing
  - Statement testing
  - Branch testing
- Data Flow Testing
  - All-defs coverage
  - All-uses coverage



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## **Control Flow Graph**

- Represent the graphical structure of a program unit
- A sequence of statements from entry point to exit point of the unit



## Control Flow Testing Main idea: select a few paths in a program unit and observe whether or not the selected paths produce the expected outcome Executing a few paths while trying to assess the behavior of the entire program unit









# Branch coverage Also called Decision Coverage A branch is an outgoing edge from a node A rectangle node has at most one out going branch All diamond nodes have 2 outgoint branches A decision element in a program may be one of If - then Switch - case Loop Main idea: selecting paths such that every branch is included in at least one path









## **Comparing 3 criteria**

- (1) All path coverage: assure 100% paths executed
- (2) Statement coverage: pick enough paths to assure that every source statement is executed at least once
- (3) Branch coverage: assure that every branch has been exercised at least once under some test
- (1) implies (3), (3) implies (2)
- These 3 criteria are also called as Path Testing Techniques



## **Example 2: Exponential Function**



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## <section-header><section-header><section-header><list-item><list-item><list-item><list-item><list-item><list-item>



## Black-box Techniques

- Equivalence Partitioning
- Boundary Analysis
- Table Decision

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## Equivalence Partitioning - Discussion What's about invalid data of the input? (8) Math = -15, Physics = 120 Both score are invalid. (9) Math = 68, Physics = -66 Physics score is invalid. (10) Math = 118, Physics = 85 Math score is invalid.



## Table Decision

- Relations between the conditions for and the contents of the processing are expressed in the form of a table
- A decision table is a tabular form tool used when complex conditions are combined
- Example: The conditions for creating reports from employee files

Under age 30	Y	Y	N	N
Male	Y	N	Y	N
Married	N	Y	Y	N
Output Report 1	-	X	-	-
Output Report 2	-	-	-	X
Output Report 3	X	-	-	-
Output Report 4	-	-	Х	-

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Example	: Exar	ninatio	n Judg	ment	Progra	nm (4)			
<ul><li>Condition</li><li>Condition</li><li>Condition</li></ul>	1: Mathe 2: Physi 3: Avera	ematics so cs score= .ge of Mat	core=>70 :>70 :hematics	s, and Ph	ysics =>{	30			
	- TC5	<b>TC4</b>	<b>TC3-</b>	TC6	<b>TC2</b>	<b>TC1</b>	TCNG	<b>TC7</b>	
Condition1	True	True	True	True	False	False	False	False	
Condition2	True	True	False	False	True	True	False	False	
Condition3	True	False	True	False	True	False	True(none)	False	
"Passed"	Yes	Yes	Yes		Yes		N/A		
"Failed"				Yes		Yes	N/A	Yes	
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Example: Examination	on Judgn	nent Progra	m (5)		
<ul> <li>Invalid input data (</li> <li>Condition4: Mathema</li> <li>Condition5: Physics so</li> </ul>	integer) tics score = v core = valid t	valid that means hat means "0=<	"0=< the score the score =< 1	e =< 100" 00"	
	TCI1	TCl2	TCI3	TCI4	
Condition4	Valid	Invalid	Valid.	Invalid	
Condition5	Valid	Valid	Invalid	Invalid	
"Normal results"	Yes				
"Error message math"		Yes		Yes	
"Error message phys"			Yes	Yes	
If both of mathematics score output. Is it correct specifica	e and physics tions?	score are invali	d ➔ Two mes	sages are expected to b	0e 46



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